Immigration Detention Measures in Japan and Other Countries								
※Regarding the detention of foreigners who were given deportation orders. Refugee Studies Forum (Date created: October 2020. Revised February 2022)								
	The maximum period of detention	Periodic review (Examination body)	Judicial order prior to detention	Number of detainees	Average period of detention			
Australia	-	-	-	1,440 (as of 2021/8/31)	696 days (as of 2021/8/31)			
Canada	-	Within 48 hours and 7 days after detention, once during each subsequent 30-day period. (judicial)	- (※1)	326 (average number per day in FY 2019-2020)	13.9 days (FY 2019-2020)			
France*	90 days (※2)	After 48 hours and 30 days of detention (judicial)	- (%3)	53,273 (2019)	16.8 days (2019)			
Germany*	6 months (※4)	-	0	2,777 (2018)	24 days (2018/3-2019/6) (In the case of Darmstadt-Eberstadt detention center) (%5)			
Japan	- (%6)	-	-	13,216 (2019-2020) 346 (end of 2020)	549.5 days (as of 2020/1/1) (In the case of Higashi Nihon Immigration Center) (※7)			
Rep of Korea	-	Each 3 months (administrative)	-	- (%8)	30-39 days (as of 2021/6/30) (In the case of three primary detention centers) (※9)			
Sweden*	2 months (※10)	After 2 months from detention (administrative or judicial) (※11)	-	2,528 (2019-2020) 369 (end of 2020)	55.3 days (2020)			
United Kingdom	-	Each 4 months (judicial)	-	14,773 (2019-2020) 910 (end of 2020)	N/A (※12)			
United States	90 days (※13)	After 90 days, 180 days, and 18 months from detention. Annually examined afterward. (judicial)	-	19,254 (average number per day in 2020)	45.7 days (2020)			

[Notes]

* EU directive (Return Directive 2008/115/EC) provides that ' Each Member State shall set a limited period of detention, which may not exceed six months.'

*1 : An independent administrative court, Immigration and Refugee Board (IRB) carries out an examination on whether there are reasonable grounds for detention, within 48 hours of the detention.

※2: Foreiners who are sentenced for terrorism can be detained for up to 210 days. In such cases, examination for detention necessity is held each subsequent 30-day until 180 days and thereafter, each subsequent 15-day.

* 3 : The administrative decision for detention is valid for only 2 days. Within this period, the Judge of Freedoms and Detention (JLD) (administrative court) examines the validity of detention based on the conditions defined by the law.

** 4 : Shortest possible period. In case the judge decides that the person hinders their deportation, detention may be extended by an additional twelve months.

※ 5 ∶ No nationwide statistic is available.

% 6 : In the case of detention based on a deportation order.

※ 7 ∶ No nationwide statistic is available.

※8 : No nationwide statistic is available. As of 31/7/2021, a total of 4,244 people were detained at the Hwaseong, Cheongju, and Yeosu detention centers. In addition, as of 30/6/2021, approximately 450 people were detained in the "detention room" under Immigration Control Office.

※9 : No nationwide statistic is available. As of 30/6/2021, the average length of detention at the Hwaseong, Cheongju, and Yeosu detention centers was 32.5 days, 30 days, and 39 days for each

※10: In exceptional circumstances such as the lack of cooperation by the foreigner or the lengthy period to acquire the necessary documents, a person may be detained for up to 12 months.

*11: Additionally, examination for an alternative to detention measures would be carried out automatically after 6 months of detention.

**12 : As for 15,449 people who were released from detention in 2020, the detention period was as follows: less than 29 days for 11,924 people, 29 days and more to less than 2 months for 1,766 people, 2 months and more to less than 4 months for 1,020 people, 4 months and more to less than 12 months for 634 people, 1 year and more to less than 2 years for 97 people, and 2 years and more for 8 people.

※13: If the deportation did not take place within 90 days and the foreigner fits within certain categories such as being convicted by a final judgment of a particularly serious crime, committed a serious nonpolitical crime outside the United States, or involved in human trafficking, detention could be extended.

[References]

Australia	Law: Migration Act 1958	Statistic : Immigration Detention and Community Statistics Summary		
Canada	Law : Immigration and Refugee Protection Act	Policy : Global Detention Project		
		Statistic : Canada Border Services Agency		
France	\cdot Law : Code of Entry and Residence of Foreigners and of the	Policy and Statistic : Global Detention Project	Policy : CGLPL	
	Right to Asylum	Statistic : AIDA		
Germany	Law: Residence Act	Statistic : Global Detention Project	Statistic : AIDA	
Japan	Law : Immigration Control and Refugee Recognition Act	Statistic : Japan Association for Refugees	 Statistic : e-Stat 	
Rep of Korea	Law : Immigration Control Act	Statistic : Global Detention Project		
		\cdot Statistic : The real situation of Korean Immigration Detention Center in 2021		
		(Civic Organization < Majeong >)		
Sweden	• Law : Alien Act	Statistic : AIDA		
United Kingdom	Law : Immigration Act	Statistic : Immigration Statistics	Statistic : AIDA	
United States	Law : Immigration and Nationality Act	Statistic : ICE		

Statistic of Rep of Korea was provided by Mr. Taesung Oh; a member of Asia Pacific Research Center of Osaka University of Economics and Law.